NATIONAL JUDICIAL ACADEMY, BHOPAL

ANNUAL NATIONAL SEMINAR ON WORKING OF THE FAMILY COURTS IN INDIA 12TH & 13TH NOVEMBER, 2016

'EFFECTIVE USE OF ADR METHODS IN RESOLVING FAMILY DISPUTES'

PRESENTATION BY

DR. SUDHIR KUMAR JAIN

JUDGE IN CHARGE

DELHI MEDIATION CENTRE

TIS HAZARI COURTS

DELHI

- DISPUTES IN HUMAN LIVES NATURAL,
 NORMAL, INEVITABLE AND EVER PRESENT
- MINIMISED, DIVERTED OR RESOLVED
- SATISFYING CREATIVE SOLUTIONS POSSIBLE IF HANDLED PROPERLY
- FORMAL LEGAL METHODS PERCEIVED AS EXPENSIVE, COMPLICATED, AND SLOW
- HOSTILITIES, DELAY, EXPLOITATION, INJUSTICE PERCEIVED BY ONE PARTY
- NEGOTIATION, CONCILIATION, MEDIATION ETC. INFORMAL METHODS



MATRIMONIAL DISPUTES

MATRIMONIAL DISPUTES

MARRIAGE ENABLES COUPLE TO SETTLE DOWN IN LIFE AND LIVE PEACEFULLY

LITTLE QUARRELS BETWEEN YOUNG COUPLES
ASSUME SERIOUS MATRIMONIAL DISPUTES

OUTBURST OF MATRIMONIAL DISPUTES

NOT ARISE DUE TO IRRECONCILABLE
DIFFERENCES IN IDEOLOGY

DOMESTIC INCOMPATIBILITIES AND COMPETITION FOR ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL RESOURCES ARE CAUSES

INVOLVE EMOTIONS, EGO, SOCIAL COMPULSIONS, PERSONAL RESPONSIBILITIES OF PARTIES

RESOLVED BY INTERVENTION OF ELDERS IN EARLIER DAYS

NOT AVAILABLE IN PRESENT TIME DUE TO NUCLEAR FAMILY SET-UP OR INVOLVEMENT IN CRIMINAL CASES

BE RESOLVED AMICABLY BY MUTUAL AGREEMENT

EFFORTS BE MADE FOR AMICABLE RESOLUTION OF DISPUTES

- MATRIMONIAL DISPUTES: CAUSES
- EGO/PRIDE
- BEHAVIOURAL DISORDERS
- PERCEPTION
- SELF INTERESTS OF PARTIES
- INCOMPATIBILITY
- PSYCHOLOGICAL PROBLEMS
- ADJUSTMENT EXPECTATIONS
- MEDICAL REASONS
- USE OF SECTION 498A IPC



FAMILY COURTS IN INDIA

FAMILY COURTS IN INDIA

ESTABLISHED WITH OBJECTIVE OF AMICABLE SETTLEMENT OF MATRIMONIAL DISPUTES

LAW COMMISSION IN 59TH REPORT SPEAKS FOR CREATION OF COURTS CONCERNING FAMILY DISPUTES WITH SIMPLIFIED PROCEDURE

FAMILY COURTS ACT, 1984 ENACTED FOR SPEEDY DISPOSAL OF FAMILY DISPUTES AND TO PROMOTE CONCILIATION AND SETTLEMENT

RECOGNIZED CONCILIATION FOR SETTLEMENT OF MATRIMONIAL DISPUTES OR INITIATE RECONCILIATORY PROCESSES

CONCILIATOR PLAYS PRO-ACTIVE ROLE AND ENCOURAGES PARTIES FOR RESOLUTION SECTION 9 DEALS WITH DUTIES OF FAMILY COURTS TO MAKE EFFORTS FOR SETTLEMENT

PROVIDES THAT IN EVERY SUIT OR PROCEEDING, ENDEAVOUR SHALL BE MADE BY FAMILY COURTS IN FIRST INSTANCE, WHERE IT IS POSSIBLE TO DO SO CONSISTENT WITH NATURE AND CIRCUMSTANCES OF CASE, TO ASSIST AND PERSUADE PARTIES IN ARRIVING AT A SETTLEMENT IN RESPECT OF SUBJECT MATTER OF SUIT OR PROCEEDINGS

EMPOWERS FAMILY COURTS TO ADJOURN PROCEEDINGS DUE TO REASONABLE POSSIBILITY OF SETTLEMENT



MEDIATION IN MATRIMONIAL DISPUTES

MEDIATION IN MATRIMONIAL DISPUTES

SECTION 89 CPC DEALS WITH RESOLUTION OF DISPUTES BY ADR INCLUDING MEDIATION

EMERGING AS EFFECTIVE AND WORKABLE MECHANISM FOR DISPUTES RESOLUTION

LEGALLY RECOGNED AFTER SECTION 89

EFFICIENT, SPEEDY, CONVENIENT AND LESS EXPENSIVE TO RESOLVE A DISPUTE WITH DIGNITY, MUTUAL RESPECT AND CIVILITY

ADOPTED, ACCEPTED AND SUITED FOR SETTLEMENT DESPITE ACT PROVIDES CONCILIATORY APPROACH ADJUDICATORY, PARTY CENTRED AND STRUCTURED NEGOTIATION PROCESS IN WHICH A NEUTRAL THIRD PARTY ASSISTS PARTIES IN AMICABLE RESOLUTION OF DISPUTES BY USING COMMUNICATION AND NEGOTIATION TECHNIQUES

PARTIES RETAIN RIGHT OF SELF DETERMINATION

INFORMAL, PRIVATE, CONFIDENTIAL

NOT CASUAL/NOT COVERED BY PROCEDURAL RULES

FACTUAL/LEGAL ISSUES AND UNDERLINED CAUSES OF A DISPUTE ADDRESSED

GOAL TO FIND A MUTUAL ACCEPTABLE SOLUTION SATISFYING NEEDS, AND INTEREST OF PARTIES

PRAGMATIC REMEDY IN MATRIMONIAL DISPUTES
INVOLVING EMOTIONS, SENTIMENTS, SOCIAL
COMPULSIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF
PARTIES BESIDES UNIQUE NATURE OF
MATRIMONIAL LAWS

DIFFERENT IN ITS FORM AND CONTENTS
FROM OTHERS DISPUTES

RESOLVE MATRIMONIAL DISPUTES TO SATISFACTION OF PARTIES DESPITE FAILURE IN CONCILIATION

RESOLVE ENTIRE RANGE OF MATRIMONIAL DISPUTES

MEDIATOR ASSISTS PARTIES BY FACILITATING COMMUNICATION

JUDICIAL PROCESS ADJUDICATES IN FAVOUR OF ONE PARTY

MEDIATION SETTLEMENT ARRIVED AT WITH CONSENT OF PARTIES

JUDICIAL PROCESS FOCUSES ON PAST BASED ON LEGAL RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS

MEDIATION FACILITAES MUTUALLY ACCEPTABLE AGREEMENT SATISFYING EVERYONE'S INTERESTS.

MEDIATION CHANGES DISPUTES FROM "WIN-LOSE" TO "WIN-WIN".

DIFFERENT
FROM A
MEDIATOR IN
COMMERCIAL
OR OTHER
DISPUTES

FACILITATIVE

EVALUATIVE

NON JUDGMENTAL

ROLE OF A MEDIATOR

COMMUNICATION

IMPARTIALITY/NEUTRALITY

PATIENCE

OPTION GENERATION/CREATIVITY

SENSITIVITY

PLEASANT DISPOSITION/HUMOUR

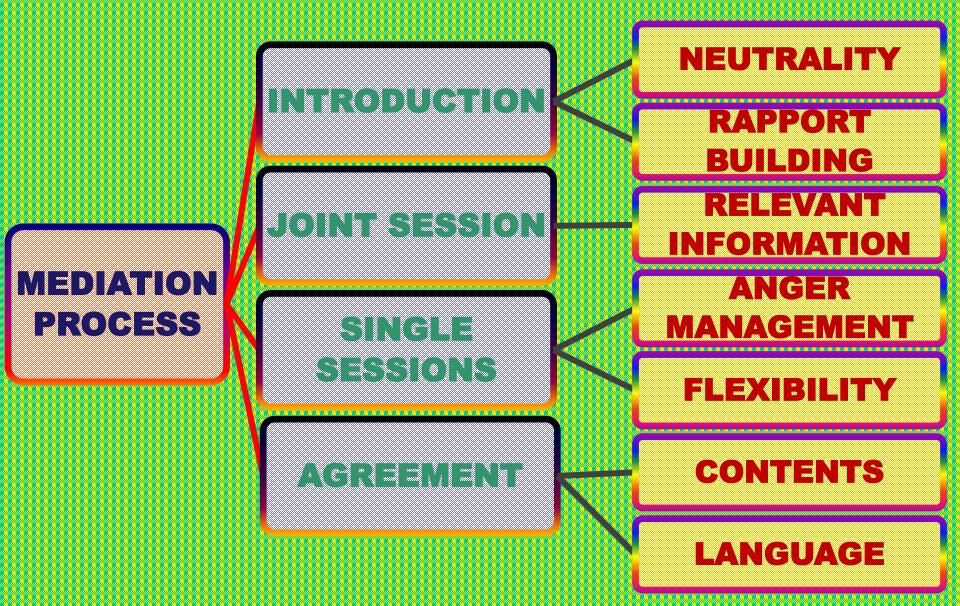
STAGE OF REFERRAL

AS PER AFCONS, COURT TO CONSIDER ABOUT SUITABILITY OF CASE FOR REFERRAL BY ASCERTAINING SUMMARY AND NATURE OF DISPUTE

BE REFERRED AFTER SERVICE OF NOTICE ON OPPOSITE PARTY AND BEFORE FILING OBJECTIONS/WS TO AVERT HOSTILITY

PARTIES AT EARLY STAGE READY FOR MEDIATION
AS NOT TOO WEDDED TO POSITIONS IN
COMPARISON TO LATER STAGES OF LITIGATION

CONSENT NOT MANDATORY



COMMUNICATION TECHNIQUES



IMPASSE MANAGEMENT

FREQUENT/NORMAL

NOT A THREAT TO RESOLUTION

COLLABORATIVE SOLUTIONS

TYPE AND STAGE OF IMPASSE

APPROACH OF PARTIES/MEDIATOR

TECHNIQUE: REAL TESTING

BELIEVE IN WORKABLE SOLUTION

UNDERSTANDING FALSE IMPASSE

IMPASSE AVOIDANCE

AGREEMENT DRAFTING : PRECAUTIONS ENSURE PRESENCE OF PARTIES/COUSELS BRIEFFACTS MODE OF DIVORGE FILING OF FIRST AND SECOND MOTION PERMANENT ALIMONY/MAINTENANCE PAYMENT SCHEDULE CUSTODY AND VISITATIONS ISSUES QUASHING OF FIR RETURN OF ISHTRIDHAN DETAILS AND WITHDRAWAL OF CASES CONNECTED CASES INVOLVEMENT OF LAWYERS NO FUTURE LITIGATION VOLUNTAR NESS OF SETTLEMENT

MEDIATOR'S STRATEGIES

UNDERSTANDING FACTS/CAUSES OF CONFLICT
ACCURATELY/AGENDA CONTROL

PAST TO PRESENT/FUTURE

COUNTER NEGATIVE BARGAINING

NO PREMATURE SOLUTIONS/DECISION MAKING

NO EMOTIONAL ATTACHMENT/JUDGMENT

GENERATION/EVALUATION OF OPTIONS

THIRD PARTY INVOLVEMENT

LEGAL AGREEMENT

• UNDERSTANDING OF COMMUNICATION BETWEEN PARTIES

HOW THEY SOLVE PROBLEMS

MEDIATOR EXPERIENCE

• THOUGHTS AND FEELINGS OF PARTIES CLEARLY EXPRESSED

ADVANTAGES

ACCESSIBILITY

VOLUNTARINESS

FACILITATIVE

RIGHT TO SELF DETERMINATION

CONFIDENTIAL

ROLE OF PARTIES IN DECISION MAKING

INFORMALITY

PRIVATE

OUTCOME

COMMUNICATION

LONG TERMS AND UNDERLYING INTERESTS

CREATIVITY

FINALITY

MATRIMONIAL CASE		OFTEL ED	NOT OF THE	01100500
MATRIMONIAL CASE	REFERRED	SETTLED	NOT SETTLED	SUCCESS
	CASES			RATE(%)
DIVORCE PETITIONS	2747	1283	1458	46.71
COMPLAINTS U/S 125		0.4.0.0	4 40 =	5 0.00
Cr.P.C	3577	2109	1465	58.96
BAILS APPLICATIONS	21850	10608	11778	48.55
U/S 498A/406 IPC)				
RESTITUTION OF CONJUGAL RIGHTS	954	493	455	51.68
CONJUGAL RIGHTS				
DOMESTIC	706F	2004	2074	40.20
VIOLENCE	7865	3884	3974	49.38
CUSTODY MATTERS	405	004	0.40	40.47
	465	224	240	48.17
				25



THE SUPREME COURT

RECOGNIZES MEDIATION AS AN EFFECTIVE METHOD OF RESOLUTION

DESIRED PARTIES TO EXPLORE POSSIBILITY OF MEDIATION

FAMILY COURTS TO MAKE EFFORTS FOR MEDIATION DESPITE FAILURE IN CONCILIATION

FAMILY COURTS TO REFER DISPUTES WITH CONSENT OF PARTIES

COURTS TO REFER CASES U/S 498-A IPC TO MEDIATION IF EXIST ELEMENTS OF SETTLEMENT

STRESSED IMPORTANCE OF PRE LITIGATION MEDIATION AND ITS WIDE PUBLICITY

JUDICIAL DECISIONS

K. SRINIVAS RAO V D.A. DEEPA, (2013)5SCC226

THE SUPREME COURT EMPHASIZES RELEVANCE OF MEDIATION IN MATRIMONIAL DISPUTES INCLUDING COMPLAINTS U/S 406/498A IPC. IT WAS OBSERVED THAT PURELY A CIVIL MATRIMONIAL DISPUTE CAN BE AMICABLY SETTLED BY DIRECTING THE PARTIES TO EXPLORE THE POSSIBILITY OF SETTLEMENT THROUGH MEDIATION. THE COURTS HAVE ALWAYS ADOPTED A POSITIVE APPROACH AND ENCOURAGED SETTLEMENT OF MATRIMONIAL DISPUTES AND DISCOURAGED THEIR ESCALATION.

B.S. JOSHI & ORS. V. STATE OF HARYANA & ANR., (2003) 4SCC 675

THE SUPREME COURT HELD THAT COMPLAINT INVOLVING OFFENCE **UNDER SECTION 498-A OF THE IPC** CAN BE QUASHED BY THE HIGH **COURT IN EXERCISE OF ITS POWERS UNDER SECTION 482 OF** THE CODE IF THE PARTIES SETTLE THEIR DISPUTE.

GIAN SINGH V. STATE OF PUNJAB & ANR., (2012) 10SCC 303

THE SUPREME COURT EXPRESSED THAT CERTAIN **OFFENCES WHICH OVERWHELMINGLY AND** PREDOMINANTLY BEAR CIVIL FLAVOUR LIKE THOSE **ARISING OUT OF MATRIMONY, PARTICULARLY RELATING TO DOWRY, ETC. OR THE FAMILY** DISPUTE AND WHERE THE OFFENDER AND THE **VICTIM HAD SETTLED ALL DISPUTES BETWEEN** THEM AMICABLY, IRRESPECTIVE OF THE FACT THAT **SUCH OFFENCES HAVE NOT BEEN MADE** COMPOUNDABLE, THE HIGH COURT MAY QUASH THE CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS IF IT FEELS THAT BY NOT QUASHING THE SAME, THE ENDS OF JUSTICE SHALL BE DEFEATED.

K. SRINIVAS RAO

THE SUPREME COURT FURTHER OBSERVED THAT THOUGH OFFENCE PUNISHABLE UNDER **SECTION 498-A OF THE IPC IS NOT COMPOUNDABLE, IN APPROPRIATE CASES IF** THE PARTIES ARE WILLING AND IF IT APPEARS TO THE CRIMINAL COURT THAT THERE EXIST **ELEMENTS OF SETTLEMENT, IT SHOULD DIRECT** THE PARTIES TO EXPLORE THE POSSIBILITY OF SETTLEMENT THROUGH MEDIATION. IF THERE IS SETTLEMENT, THE PARTIES WILL BE SAVED FROM THE TRIALS AND TRIBULATIONS OF A CRIMINAL CASE AND THAT WILL REDUCE THE **BURDEN ON THE COURTS WHICH WILL BE IN THE** LARGER PUBLIC INTEREST.



ROLE OF LAWYERS

IMPORTANT AND SIGNIFICANT

ADVICE AND MOTIVATE PARTIES

PREPARE PARTIES/CONSTRUCTIVE ADVICE

HIGHLIGHT BENEFITS

NEGATIVITY TO PRODUCTIVITY

EVALUATE PROPOSALS/OPTIONS

NEGOTIATE EFFECTIVELY

OVERCOME BARRIERS IN SETTLEMENT

LITIGATION TO MEDIATION

CONCLUSION

NOT ANSWER TO EVERY MATRIMONIAL DISPUTE

JUDICIAL VERDICT ALSO NECESSARY

LITIGATION NOT ANSWER TO EVERY DISPUTE

PROVIDE PRACTICAL AND CREATIVE SOLUTIONS

REDUCES PAIN, MISUNDERSTANDING, BITTERNESS OF LITIGATION

SAVE LEGAL COSTS AND DELAYS

NOT A TOOL TO DELAY ADJUDICATION

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